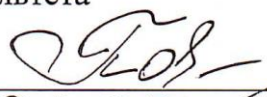


МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ  
СЕВЕРО-ВОСТОЧНЫЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ  
КАФЕДРА ИНОСТРАННЫХ ЯЗЫКОВ

УТВЕРЖДАЮ

И. о. декана педагогического  
факультета

  
" 05 " сентября 2017 г. О. В. Пастюк

**ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ**  
для проведения промежуточной аттестации обучающихся по дисциплине

**Б1.Б.2 ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК**

Автор(ы):

Шлангман М. К., к. пед. н., доцент кафедры иностранных языков



подпись

05.09.2017

дата

Заведующий(ая) кафедрой иностранных языков:

Карева Л. А., к. пед.н., доцент, доцент кафедры иностранных языков



подпись

05.09.2017

дата

г. Магадан 2017 г.

**1. Перечень компетенций с указанием этапов их формирования в процессе освоения образовательной программы**

№	Модули, разделы (темы) дисциплины	Код контролируемой компетенции	Наименование оценочного средства
1.	<b>Первый модуль: My Family.</b>	способность к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия (ОК-4); способность работать в команде, толерантно воспринимать социальные, культурные и личные различия (ОК-5); способность к самоорганизации и самообразованию (ОК-6).	Тест №1. Эссе (тема №1).
	Тема 1: Правила чтения.		
	Тема 2: Глагол “to be”.		
	Тема 3: Число имен существительных.		
2.	<b>Второй модуль: My Home.</b>		Тест №2. Эссе (тема №2).
	Тема 1: Типы вопросов.		
	Тема 2: Местоимения (личные, притяжательные, относительные, указательные, возвратные, усилительные). (Pronouns).		
	Тема 3: <i>England under foreign Kings.</i>		
3.	<b>Третий модуль: Your Daily Programme.</b>		Тест №3. Эссе (тема №3).
	Тема 1: Числительные (порядковые, количественные). (Numerals)		
	Тема 2: Модальные глаголы. (Modal Verbs).		
	Тема 3: <i>The Tower of London.</i>		
4.	<b>Четвертый модуль: Your Weekend.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №4).
	Тема 1: Причастие I. (Participle I)		
	Тема 2: The Present Continuous Tense. Настоящее длительное время.		
	Тема 3: <i>Trafalgar Square.</i>		
5.	<b>Пятый модуль: My Favorite Sportsmen.</b>		Тест №4. Эссе (тема №5).
	Тема 1: Местоимения some, any, no, их производные.		
	Тема 2: Неопределенные местоимения much, many, little, few.		
	Тема 3: Scaled Оборот there + be. (с использованием компьютерной обучающей программы Englbase).		
	Тема 4: <i>St. Paul's Cathedral. Westminster abbey.</i>		
6.	<b>Шестой модуль: Famous</b>		Тест №5.

	<b>American and English Sportsmen.</b>		Эссе (тема №6). Итоговая работа №1.
	Тема 1: Безличные предложения.		
	Тема 2: Предложения с вводящим it.		
	Тема 3: Восклицательные предложения.		
	Тема 4: Бессоюзные придаточные предложения.		
	Тема 5: <i>London. Museums and Art Galleries.</i>		
7.	<b>Седьмой модуль: Our University. Universities in the UK, in the USA.</b>		Тест №6. Эссе (тема №7).
	Тема 1: Степени сравнения прилагательных (The Degrees of Comparison).		
	Тема 2: Настоящее неопределенное время (The Present Indefinite Tense).		
	Тема 3: <i>Types of Schools.</i>		
8.	<b>Восьмой модуль: Our Study at the University.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №8).
	Тема 1: Косвенная речь (настоящее время). ( Reported Speech).		
	Тема 2: Эквиваленты модальных глаголов (настоящее время).		
	Тема 3: <i>Curriculum.</i>		
	Тема 4: <i>School Depends on Property Taxes.</i>		
9.	<b>Девятый модуль: Our Future Profession.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №9).
	Тема 1: Причастие II (Participle II).		
	Тема 2: Настоящее завершённое время (The Present Perfect Tense). Работа с компьютерной программой Promt.		

	Тема 3: <i>Students' Life.</i>		
	Тема 4: <i>Cambridge. Higher Education.</i>		
10.	<b>Десятый модуль: Schooling. The System of Education in Great Britain and USA.</b>		Тест №7. Эссе (тема №10). Итоговая работа №2.
	Тема 1: Прошедшее неопределенное время (The Past Indefinite Tense).		
	Тема 2: Косвенная речь (прошедшее время). ( Reported Speech).		
	Тема 3: Эквиваленты модальных глаголов в прошедшем времени.		
	Тема 4: <i>The Curriculum of Edinburgh University.</i>		
	Тема 5: <i>Local Administration of Schools.</i>		
11.	<b>Одиннадцатый модуль: Bringing up children.</b>		Тест №8. Эссе (тема №11).
	Тема 1: Будущее неопределенное время (The Future Indefinite Tense).		
	Тема 2: Предложения времени и условия в будущем времени.		
	Тема 3: <i>School Reform.</i>		
12.	<b>Двенадцатый модуль: How to stop worrying and start living.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №12).
	Тема 3: Эквиваленты модальных глаголов в будущем времени.		
	Тема 4: Косвенная речь (будущее время). (Reported Speech).		
	Тема 5: <i>American Universities. What do they look like? What does the University Degree cost?</i>		
13.	<b>Тринадцатый модуль: How to analyze and solve worry problems.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №13).

	Тема 1: Прошедшее длительное время (The Past Continuous Tense).		
	Тема 2: Модальные глаголы Should, ought to... (с использованием компьютерной обучающей программы Englbase).		
	Тема 3: <i>Training and Social States of Teachers in the USA. Standards of Instruction. Diseases and how to treat them.</i>		
14.	<b>Четырнадцатый модуль: An easy way to become a good sportsman.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №14).
	Тема 1: Прошедшее завершённое время (The Past Perfect Tense).		
	Тема 2: Косвенная речь. (Reported Speech). Работа с компьютерной программой Promt.		
	Тема 3: <i>Training and Social States of Sportsmen.</i>		
15.	<b>Пятнадцатый модуль: Russia is a Sporting Country.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №15). Итоговая работа №3.
	Тема 1: Будущее длительное время (The Future Continuous Tense).		
	Тема 2: Будущее завершённое время (The Future Perfect Tense). (с использованием компьютерной обучающей программы Englbase).		
	Тема 3: <i>Early Greek Education. Education of Roman Youth.</i>		
16.	<b>Шестнадцатый модуль: Sport in Great Britain and America.</b>		Тест №9. Эссе (тема №16).
	Тема 1: Времена группы Perfect Continuous.		
	Тема 2: <i>The Great Dutch Humanist.</i>		
17.	<b>Семнадцатый модуль: Games are good for us.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №17).

	Тема 1: Таблица времен действительного залога (Active Voice).		
	Тема 2: Употребление всех изученных времен.		
	Тема 3: <i>Francois Rabelais</i> .		
	Тема 4: <i>The Author of the Great Didactic</i> .		
	Тема 5: <i>Jean Jecques Rousseau</i> .		
	Тема 6: <i>Johann Heinrich Pestalozzi</i> .		
	Тема 7: <i>K. D. Ushinsky – the Great Russian Educator</i> .		
18.	<b>Восемнадцатый модуль: Sport and environment.</b>		Беседа. Эссе (тема №18). Итоговая работа №4.
	Тема 1: Пассивный залог (Passive Voice).		
	Тема 2: Indefinite Passive. Continuous Passive. Perfect Passive. (с использованием компьютерной обучающей программы ETeacher).		
	Тема 3: <i>Creative Teaching in Art. The Development of the Child as Painter</i> .		
	Тема 4: <i>How to Understand Music</i> .		
	Тема 5: <i>Spesial and Auxilary Schools for Handdipped Children</i> .		
	Тема 6: <i>How Do Partially Sighted Study?</i>		

**2. Описание показателей и критериев оценивания компетенций на различных этапах их формирования, описание уровня оценивания сформированности компетенции**

**Оценка уровня сформированности компетенций осуществляется на основании критериев модульно-рейтинговой системы в последнем семестре изучения дисциплины.**

Уровни сформированности компетенции	Основные признаки уровня
Компетенции не сформированы	менее 50%
Пороговый уровень	50-65%
Повышенный уровень	65-85%
Высокий уровень	85-100%

**3. Типовые контрольные задания или иные материалы, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы**

### ***А. Формы текущего контроля***

*Задание на семестр.*

К практическим занятиям:

1. Подготовить грамматический и лексический материал согласно изучаемым темам.
2. Подготовить дополнительное чтение в объеме 5000 печатных знаков.
3. Выполнить письменно итоговую работу.

### 3.1. Контрольные работы.

Контрольные работы по данной дисциплине учебным планом не предусмотрены.

### 3.2. Лабораторные работы.

Лабораторные работы по данной дисциплине учебным планом не предусмотрены.

### 3.3. Образцы тестов.

Тест №1.

**Выберите нужную форму глагола *to be*:**

1. He ..... a financier soon.  
a) am                                      b) was                                      c) will be
2. They ..... at work now.  
a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are
3. The country ..... in a state of economic crisis last year.  
a) is                                      b) was                                      c) are
4. These goods ..... cheap.  
a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are
5. The prices ..... rising now.  
a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are
6. The contract ..... signed last week.  
a) were                                      b) is                                      c) was
7. They ..... to begin this work at once.

- a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are
8. This letter ..... to confirm our recent telephone communication.  
a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are
9. This hotel ..... very expensive.  
a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are
10. There ..... a lot of Institutes, Universities, libraries and museums in Moscow.  
a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are

Тест №2.

**Выберите правильный вариант ответа:**

1. The north-east of England was famous for ..... shipbuilding industry.  
a) his                                      b) its                                      c) her
2. A man can leave ..... job and look for another one that suits him.  
a) his                                      b) your                                      c) her
3. Some farm workers get most of ..... work in summer.  
a) its                                      b) their                                      c) her
4. She explain how she had lost .....job.  
a) my                                      b) your                                      c) her
5. A nation's wealth depended on ..... owning precious metals.  
a) its                                      b) my                                      c) their
6. Merchants were people who made ..... money through the buying and selling goods.  
a) his                                      b) your                                      c) their
7. When you have collected the evidence, you are ready to test ..... theory.  
a) -----                                      b) your                                      c) its
8. Each good has ..... own utility value for the consumer.  
a) their                                      b) its                                      c) my
9. The price of goods is not always the same as ..... real cost.  
a) their                                      b) its                                      c) my
10. Consumers want satisfaction from ..... resources ( time and money).  
a) her                                      b) its                                      c) their



Тест №3.

**Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав соответствующий модальный глагол:**

1. You \_\_\_\_ send your resume to several companies.  
a) can                      b) need                      c) have
2. You \_\_\_\_ not start your job search without a resume.  
a) can                      b) must                      c) have
3. He \_\_\_\_ to get up early.  
a) has                      b) must                      c) can
4. Do you \_\_\_\_ to travel on business?  
a) can                      b) must                      c) have
5. This phenomenon \_\_\_\_ be explained by economic laws.  
a) should                      b) need                      c) have to
6. The company had gone bankrupt and \_\_\_\_ pay its creditors.  
a) couldn't                      b) hadn't                      c) shouldn't
7. You \_\_\_\_ phoned me yesterday.  
a) should have                      b) may                      c) might
8. Our sales \_\_\_\_ exceed our forecast by 15%.  
a) should                      b) may                      c) must
9. They \_\_\_\_ deliver on time.  
a) can                      b) had                      c) have
10. \_\_\_\_ I take a comment at this point?  
a) Am                      b) May                      c) Must

Тест №4.

**Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:**

1. As the field survey shows, very ..... customers find the design of our goods attractive.  
a) little                      b) few                      c) much
2. We managed to capture ..... contracts last month.  
a) little                      b) much                      c) many
3. We have ..... time at our disposal. We must make a decision right away.  
a) little                      b) much                      c) many
4. There is very ..... data available about market trends in this region.

- a) a few                      b) little                      c) many

5. We spent too ..... time on routine meetings.

- a) much                      b) a few                      c) many

6. ‘ Are there any seats on the next flight to Madrid?’ ‘ Yes, there are ..... .’

- a) little                      b) many                      c) much

7. I am beginning to get ..... worried about the situation.

- a) a little                      b) few                      c) many

8. We need ..... more time to think about your proposal.

- a) a little                      b) many                      c) a few

9. .... insurance companies protect their customers against risk.

- a) A little                      b) Many                      c) Much

10. It takes one ..... money to join a credit union.

- a) a few                      b) many                      c) much

Тест №5.

**правильный ответ:**

1. Our office hours are .... nine ..... six.

- a) in .... in    b) from .... till    c) since ... for

2. .... the beginning of the 20th century, economic scientists have made important discoveries.

- a) for                      b) during                      c) since

3. Those promises were made the company .... 2003.

- a) in                      b) at                      c) till

4. The firm has been discussing a possible \$100 investment ..... more than a year.

- a) at                      b) since                      c) for

5. Russia and Japan plan to increase cooperation in the energy sector .... 2008.

- a) in                      b) on                      c) for

6. Sky Express has sold almost 3000 tickets ..... last week.

- a) from                      b) since                      c) in

7. LUKoil will start operating four new gas stations .... a few weeks.

- a) at                      b) in                      c) during
8. .... that time the country's population will be approximately 1,25 bl.  
a) at                      b) for                      c) on
9. .... the 1970s and '80s the city's service sector grew in size.  
a) on                      b) at                      c) during
10. .... the mid-1980s several computer companies established major research programs.  
a) for                      b) buy                      c) at

Тест №6.

**Выберите правильный вариант ответа:**

1. The US has a ..... domestic market than Portugal.  
a) bigger                      b) more big
2. If one company has a much ..... share than any other, it can affect price.  
a) the largest                      b) larger
3. There are companies which need a lot of money to set up but much ..... money to run.  
a) little                      b) less
4. An increase in demand can make a company push its prices even ..... than necessary.  
a) higher                      b) the highest
5. Adam Smith is one of ..... economists.  
a) great                      b) the greatest
6. A house is one of the ..... things that people buy.  
a) more expensive                      b) most expensive
7. China and India are now making ..... Contributions to global growth.  
a) the largest                      b) larger
8. From 2004 to the present world growth has been ..... than at any time since the early 1970s.  
a) more rapid                      b) rapider
9. Unfortunately, ..... volatility does not rule out occasional recessions.  
a) more low                      b) lower
10. Output stabilization in developing countries was .....  
a) more gradual                      b) gradualer

Тест №7.

**Выберите нужную форму глагола в простом прошедшем или в настоящем совершенном времени:**

1. I ..... three business lunches this week.  
a) had                                      b) have had
2. The company's share prices ..... at the end of last week.  
a) bounced                                b) has bounced
3. The company ..... for a 5% increase in sales last month.  
a) budgeted                                b) has budgeted
4. The shares ..... a high rate of interest some days ago.  
a) yielded                                  b) has yielded
5. It ..... a pleasure to do business with you today.  
a) was                                        b) has been
6. Last year she ..... her own company and proved to be a very good businesswoman.  
a) set up                                    b) has set up
7. I ..... writing the three-year business plan yet.  
a) didn't finish                            b) haven't finished
8. I ..... a successful business trip last month.  
a) had                                        b) have had
9. I ..... some gas shares recently.  
a) bought                                  b) have bought
10. Many years ago she ..... a slide rule to add up the sales figures.  
a) used                                       b) has used

Тест №8.

пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму инфинитива:

1. .... our employers to develop their skills is one of the prime concerns of management.  
a) to recruit                                b) to inform                                c) to encourage
2. .... this market requires a lot of hard work.  
a) to enter                                  b) to inform                                c) to lose
3. We have decided not to advertise this position, but ..... internally.  
a) to encourage                            b) to recruit                                c) to inform
4. I am glad ..... you that you have been successful.  
a) to inform                                b) to accept                                c) to encourage

5. It is impossible for us ..... these terms.  
a) to have found      b) to accept      c) to work out
6. We would like ..... our overdraft facilities.  
a) to extend      b) to buy      c) to have found
7. The sales director claimed ..... three new customers.  
a) to recruit      b) to have found      c) to find
8. They made us ..... extremely hard.  
a) to work      b) work      c) to have worked
9. Central banks of different countries are expected ..... away from monetary restrictions.  
a) to stay      b) stay      c) to have stayed
10. The world economy is predicted ..... growing.  
a) to have continued      b) to continue      c) continue

Тест №9.

**Выберите нужную форму глагола в одном из вышеперечисленных времен:**

1. He ... on the report all day long.  
a) was working      b) worked      c) were working
2. I ... the office when he arrived.  
a) was leaving      b) left      c) leaves
3. We ... about safety procedures when the fire alarm went off.  
a) were talking      b) talked      c) talk
4. The production line ... five times yesterday.  
a) stopped      b) was stopping      c) stops
5. She ... letters when I came.  
a) wrote      b) was writing      c) has written
6. He ... to the director at 3 yesterday.  
a) spoke      b) was speaking      c) speaks
- 7. Our fax number ... today.**  
a) has changed      b) changed      c) changes
8. We ... just ..... our prices.  
a) has lowered      b) have lowered      c) were lowering
9. The government ... a decrease in corporation tax yesterday.  
a) has announced      b) was announcing      c) announced
10. He ... vice-president for 10 years.

- a) has been            b) was being            c) have been

Тест №10.

**Составьте предложения, соединив первую часть каждого предложения со второй:**

1. If you read this book,
2. If you elect me,
3. If a firm doesn't advertise,
4. If people are flexible and keen to work hard,
5. If you have an offshore bank account,
6. If inflation is high,
  7. If I had a lot of money,
  8. If the management styles hadn't been so different,
  9. If you had worked harder last year,
  10. If I were you,
    - a) we can employ them.
    - b) you'll get the best financial advice.
- c) people tend not to save.
  - d) the merger could have succeeded.
- e) you would know English well now.
- f) you don't pay income tax.
- g) I'll bring about changes in the social welfare system.
- h) it loses market share.
- i) I would give money to charity.
- j) I would open my own business.

Тест №11.

**Составьте предложения, соединив первую часть каждого предложения со второй:**

1. If different Russian Parliament fractions agreed with each other,
  2. If customs are reduced,
  3. If IMF grants the next loan to Russia,
  4. If the August crisis hadn't happened,
  5. Customers wish
    6. Russia would live much better
      7. If received credits had been used according to appointment,
      8. If a firm doesn't advertise,
      9. If my computer is infected with a virus,
      10. If you pay people peanuts,
- total amount of receipts to the budget would be higher.  
the budget would be accepted without any delay.
- c) its part could be used for repayment of the IMF's debts.
  - d) if it developed according to laws but not wishes of some people.
  - e) the most Russian banks would have paid to their depositors.
  - f) they didn't have to get goods of low quality.
  - h) it would have been possible to avoid strikes.
  - i) I'll call a computer expert.
  - i) you get monkeys.
    - j) it loses market share.

### 3.4. Другие виды оценочных средств.

Темы эссе и рефератов, рекомендованные для выполнения творческих заданий

1. Application of Psychological theories in children's education in the USA.
2. Basic Approaches to Physical Training.
3. Aquatic sports.
4. Customs and traditions of the UK.
5. Customs and traditions of the USA.
6. Coaching as a social and pedagogical phenomenon.
7. Humanistic psychology.
8. Popular games in old Russia.
9. Major and minor hemispheres.
10. Career problems in sports.
11. Organization of the nervous system.
12. Person's physical development.
13. Personality disorders.
14. Political system of the UK.
15. Political system of the USA.
16. Winter sports. Summer sports.
17. Cycling.
18. Wrestling and weightlifting.
19. Public education in the USA.
20. Athletics.
21. Fencing and Riding.
22. PRE- revolutionary football development.
23. Британский парламент.
24. Особенности национальной психологии британцев.
25. Социальные и политические проблемы Северной Ирландии.
26. Формирование элиты британского общества.

### ***Б. Формы промежуточного контроля***

#### 3.5. Вопросы к экзамену или к зачету по дисциплине.

##### Содержание зачета

1. Чтение, ответы на вопросы к тексту, выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий.
2. Устное изложение любой пройденной темы:
  - а) общепознавательной,
  - б) специальной.

- 1 семестр: текст №1, темы для устного ответа №1-6.  
2 семестр: текст №2, темы для устного ответа №7-13.  
3 семестр: текст №3, темы для устного ответа №14-18.  
4 семестр: текст №4, темы для устного ответа №19-21.  
5 семестр: текст №5, темы для устного ответа №22-24.

Текст №1.

*Установите соответствие между заголовками A – F и текстами писем 1 – 5, опубликованных в журнале для изучающих английский язык. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву **только один раз**. В задании один заголовок лишний.*

**A. PROBLEMS WITH TEACHING METHODS**

**B. MAKING IT EASIER TO UNDERSTAND**

**C. STUDYING WITH OR WITHOUT A TEACHER**

**D. COMMUNICATION PROBLEMS**

**E. EXAMINATION RESULTS**

**F. ENGLISH PEOPLE'S MISTAKES**

**1.** I'm a 24-year-old business student from Malaysia and I've been going to English classes at night school for the past 5 years. Up to now I've thought that I'm a good student. Last month I went to Britain. Nobody could understand me and I couldn't understand them. What went wrong? My English teacher is very good and I always get the highest mark for my grammar test.

**2.** I'm writing to ask your opinion on my problem. My English teacher never corrects my mistakes when I'm speaking. Isn't that her job? How am I going to learn to speak better? Also she's always telling me that I should forget all the rules of grammar that I learnt when I was younger.

**3.** I am looking after two small English children. I love my job but the way that English people speak is a little surprising. For example, I often hear them say things like 'more friendlier', and I thought it should be 'more friendly'. Many of them say 'we was' instead of 'we were'. Can you explain this? Would it be impolite of me to correct them?

**4.** I have been studying English for three years. I'm quite good at reading and writing but listening is very difficult for me. My teacher suggested that I listen to the BBC World Service every day in order to understand English better. The problem is that it's hard for me to understand every word. Do you have any ideas about how to make listening to the radio less difficult? I like to listen to news very much.

**5.** I have studied English for five years at school but for the past six months I have been using the Internet and books to learn. There are lots of materials to choose but I'm not sure what is best for me and how I should use them. I really would like to take some international examination but don't know how to study without help. Should I take a course in my local school – which is a little expensive for me now – or is it possible to prepare for the exam on my own?

1	2	3	4	5

Текст №2.

*Установите соответствие между темами A – G и текстами 1 – 6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву **только один раз**. В задании одна тема лишняя.*

This museum tells you about the history of



- A. industry
- B. science
- C. toys
- D. costumes

- E. a city
- F. transport
- G. canals

1. Step inside this magical 1850s "Cinema" for an exciting tour of Edinburgh, the capital of Scotland. As the lights go down a brilliant moving image of the capital appears before you, while the guide tells the story of Edinburgh's historic past.

2. The National Waterways Museum of Gloucester brings to life the time when Britain's waterways were dug between towns. Transport by these ways was cheaper than transport by land. Many exhibits give visitors the chance to relive the Age which helped to revolutionize Britain's water system.

3. Black Country Museum is an open-air museum. Your visit there is always exciting and enjoyable. Guides in national costumes and working demonstrators tell visitors a story of the time when different machines were invented in Britain and factories began to develop very quickly.

4. Travel through time and discover the colourful story of travel. See shiny buses, tube trains and trams of different centuries. As you step into the past you'll meet people who've kept London moving for 200 years. Hold tight as you put yourself in the driving seat and enjoy your journey.

5. This museum is full of wonderful models of trains, buses, ships and cars. See the 1920s model Story Land Park and play the old slot-machines. It also has a nursery of the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. The wonderful collection of dolls contains different marionettes from Ancient Roman Gladiator doll to figures of today.

6. This museum illustrates the development of human knowledge through different instruments. The museum has a clockwork model of the solar system from 1750 as well as microscopes, telescopes, navigation instruments, electrical machines and tools.

1	2	3	4	5	6

Текст №3.

Установите соответствие между темами **A – G** и текстами **1 – 6**. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву **только один раз**. В задании одна тема лишняя.

- A. Dance
- B. Souvenirs
- C. Food and drink
- D. Material

- E. Imaginary person
- F. Shops
- G. Language

1. Irish hand-made tweed is famous all over the world for its individual look, its quality and different colours. This cloth is made from wool and widely used for caps, hats, skirts, trousers, and jackets. Tweeds can be bought in most of the larger cities as well as in the specialist tweed shops. The most famous place for tweed production in Ireland is Donegal.

2. Ceili consists of hundreds of people. They join arms together, dance up and down a hall at high speeds to the fast sounds of Irish traditional music. Men and women move so quickly turning round and round, that if they don't fall at least once, it means that they are not trying hard enough.

3. Gaelic is not widely used today in Ireland. With hundreds of years of colonisation by the British it lost its significance and was used less and less. It wasn't allowed to be taught in the schools, and it became impossible to use Gaelic in most jobs.

4. Irish products are very popular. Irish hand-made farmhouse cheeses, chocolates and wild smoked salmon taste so nice that they are known everywhere. Many people like Irish coffee which is a hot drink made with coffee, whiskey, and cream. Baileys, a cream liqueur, is becoming known internationally. We must also mention Guinness, is a type of beer, which for many years has been as the meal in a glass.

5. Children in Ireland love to listen to stories about leprechaun, a small wizard with magic powers who could make impossible things happen. He is dressed in green velvet and wears a shiny black belt and magic shoes. He is very small, no more than half a metre tall. He has a pot of gold and gets very angry if he thinks someone is trying to steal it.

6. Irish products are of great value and high quality. They can always tell a story of the history, culture and geography of the place where they were made. Most visitors know of Aran sweaters, Irish lace, Ulster linen table-cloths and bed covers, Galway glasses, Tara plates and cups. Hardly any visitor leaves the country without buying something which will remind them of the country later.

1	2	3	4	5	6

Текст №4.

Установите соответствие между темами **A – G** и текстами **1 – 6**. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву **только один раз**. В задании одна тема лишняя.

- |                      |                        |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| <b>A. Hotel</b>      | <b>E. Safety rules</b> |
| <b>B. Climate</b>    | <b>F. Parks</b>        |
| <b>C. Parking</b>    | <b>G. Sightseeing</b>  |
| <b>D. Newspapers</b> |                        |

1. On most downtown Manhattan streets people are not allowed to leave their cars. Midtown car parks and garages are about \$6.75 an hour. Some restaurants and hotels have free car parks. If you are staying at a hotel with this service, it is easiest to leave your car in the garage and use public transport or taxis.

2. Start your day with a laugh, enjoy the funniest pictures in *The New York Daily News*. Turn over the pages of *The NY Times* which has won a total of 108 Pulitzer prizes. Read 11 English and foreign language papers which come out every day and you will be in touch with serious problems in the world and in the country.

3. Seasons in New York are distinct. Summers are generally hot and humid, with practically no difference between daytime and evening temperatures. Winters tend to be bitter, although snow and sleet are not that often. Spring and autumn are mild in the day time and cool at nights.

4. This is a great way to see New York. Drivers are experienced and you will feel safe; buses are comfortable and you will feel fine in any weather. They are all air-conditioned. You are offered different excursions. The all-day excursions visit the top tourist attractions and other excursions which last from 2 to 4 hours can be interesting for people with different tastes.

**5.** No visit to Long Island is complete without the Marriot. Centrally located near Roosevelt Raceway and Roosevelt Field Indoor Mall, it offers expensive and comfortable rooms, fine restaurants, a lively nightclub with an indoor pool. You will be offered outstanding service and hospitality. For information and reservation call (800)228-9290.

**6.** Drivers, front seat passengers and all back seat passengers younger than 10 must fasten their seat belts around themselves. The state law takes these precautions to protect people against possible trouble. Drivers pay if their passengers are younger than 16 and not wearing seat belts.

1	2	3	4	5	6

Текст №5.

*Установите соответствие между заголовками А – G и текстами 1 – 6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву **только один раз**. В задании **один заголовок лишний**.*

- |                               |                              |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>A. First computers</b>     | <b>E. Professional sport</b> |
| <b>B. Risky sport</b>         | <b>F. Shopping from home</b> |
| <b>C. Shopping in comfort</b> | <b>G. New users</b>          |
| <b>D. Difficult task</b>      |                              |

**1.** A group of university students from Brazil have been given the job of discovering and locating all the waterfalls in their country. It is not easy because very often the maps are not detailed. The students have to remain in water for long periods of time. Every day they cover a distance of 35 to 40 kilometers through the jungle, each carrying 40 kilos of equipment.

**2.** For many years now, mail-order shopping has served the needs of a certain kind of customers. Everything they order from a catalogue is delivered to their door. Now, though, e-mail shopping on the Internet has opened up even more opportunities for this kind of shopping.

**3.** Another generation of computer fans has arrived. They are neither spotty schoolchildren nor intellectual professors, but pensioners who are learning computing with much enthusiasm. It is particularly interesting for people suffering from arthritis as computers offer a way of writing nice clear letters. Now pensioners have discovered the Internet and at the moment they make up the fastest growing membership.

**4.** Shopping centres are full of all kinds of stores. They are like small, self-contained towns where you can find everything you want. In a large centre, shoppers can find everything they need without having to go anywhere else. They can leave their cars in the shopping centre car park and buy everything in a covered complex, protected from the heat, cold or rain.

**5.** Not many people know that, back in the fifties, computers were very big, and also very slow. They took up complete floors of a building, and were less powerful, and much slower than any of today's compact portable computers. At first, the data they had to process and record was fed in on punched-out paper; later magnetic tape was used, but both systems were completely inconvenient.

**6.** Potholing is a dull name for a most interesting and adventurous sport. Deep underground, on the tracks of primitive men and strange animals who have adapted to life without light, finding unusual landscapes and underground lakes, the potholer lives an exciting adventure. You mustn't forget, though, that it can be quite dangerous. Without the proper equipment you can fall, get injured or lost.

1	2	3	4	5	6

Примерный список тем для подготовки устных ответов.

1. My Family.
2. My Home.
3. Your Daily Programme.
4. Your Weekend.
5. My Favorite Sportsmen.
6. Famous American and English Sportsmen.
7. Our University.
8. Universities in the UK.
9. Universities in the USA.
10. Our Study at the University.
11. Our Future Profession.
12. Schooling.
13. The System of Education in Great Britain and USA.
14. Bringing up children.
15. How to stop worrying and start living.
16. How to analyze and solve worry problems.
17. An easy way to become a good sportsman.
18. Russia is a Sporting Country.
19. Sport in Great Britain and America.
20. Games are good for us.
21. Sport and environment.
22. Character and sport.
23. Kinds of winter sport.
24. Summer sport.
25. Depression: the ways out.
26. The Olympic flame.

Содержание экзамена

1. Устно изложить любую пройденную неспециальную (общепознавательную) или тему по специальности — (выбор по билетам).
2. Прочитать, перевести, сформулировать 3-5 вопросов к тексту и передать его содержание максимально близко к оригиналу.

Примерный список тем для подготовки устных ответов.

1. My Family.
2. My Home.
3. Your Daily Programme.
4. Your Weekend.
5. My Favorite Sportsmen.
6. Famous American and English Sportsmen.
7. Our University.
8. Universities in the UK.
9. Universities in the USA.
10. Our Study at the University.
11. Our Future Profession.
12. Schooling.
13. The System of Education in Great Britain and USA.

14. Bringing up children.
15. How to stop worrying and start living.
16. How to analyze and solve worry problems.
17. An easy way to become a good sportsman.
18. Russia is a Sporting Country.
19. Sport in Great Britain and America.
20. Games are good for us.
21. Sport and environment.
22. Character and sport.
23. Kinds of winter sport.
24. Summer sport.
25. Depression: the ways out.
26. The Olympic flame.

3.6. Билеты по дисциплине.

3.7. Тесты.

3.8. Задания практического характера.

Итоговая работа №1.

**Выберите правильный вариант ответа:**

..... River Elbe flows through the Czech Republic.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

**Выберите правильный вариант ответа :**

Many millions of ..... people enjoy a quality of life.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

**Выберите нужную форму глагола *to be*:**

The contract ..... signed last week.

- a) were      b) is      c) was

**Выберите нужную форму глагола *to be*:**

All staff ..... to wear uniforms.

- a) am      b) is      c) are

**Выберите нужную форму глагола *to be*:**

There \_\_\_\_\_ a good crop in Russia this year.

- a) is      b) are      c) was      d) will be

**Выберите нужную форму глагола *to do*:**

..... you speak English?

- a) do      b) does

**Выберите правильный ответ:**

How long \_\_\_\_\_ he want to stay in his job?

- a) do      b) does      c) –

**Выберите нужную форму глагола *to have*:**



Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

Efforts ..... to reduce the prices by 10% now.

- a) are being made      b) were being made      c) is being made

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

**The money ..... in an account in Hamburg.**

- a) are lodged      b) were lodged      c) was lodged

**Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав соответствующий модальный глагол:**

The company had gone bankrupt and \_\_\_\_\_ pay its creditors.

- a) couldn't      b) hadn't      c) shouldn't

Выберите нужную форму глагола:

**The director meets customers in the morning, ..... he?**

- a) do      b) does      c) doesn't

**Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом, настоящем совершенном или в прошедшем совершенном времени.**

Where ..... before you moved to America?

- a) you did live    b) you lived    c) did you live    d) lived you

**Выберите нужную форму глагола в одном из вышеперечисленных времен:**

He ... to the director at 3 yesterday.

- b) spoke      b) was speaking    c) speaks

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму глагола:

That would entail our ..... a concession.

- a) making      b) to make      c) made

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму инфинитива:

We would like ..... our overdraft facilities.

- a) to extend      b) to buy      c) to have found

**Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав причастие настоящего или прошедшего времени:**

Most of the products are \_\_\_\_\_ to developing countries.

- a) exporting      b) exported

**Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:**

**‘ Are there any seats on the next flight to Madrid?’ ‘ Yes, there are ..... .’**

- a) little      b) many      c) much

**Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:**

**Banks are now using computer technology to perform ..... financial transactions.**

- a) little      b) many      c) much

Выберите правильный ответ:

**a (one) fifth**

- a) 1/6(одна шестая)
- b) 3/5 (три пятых)
- c) 1/5 (одна пятая)

**Выберите правильный ответ:**  
**nought point four five**

- a) 0,05 (ноль целых пять сотых)
- b) 0,45 (ноль целых сорок пять сотых)
- c) 0,04 (ноль целых четыре сотых)

**Выберите правильный вариант:**  
**seventy - three**

- a) seventeen
- b) sixty-four
- c) seventy-six
- d) sixty-seven

**Выберите правильный ответ:**

Sky Express has sold almost 3000 tickets ..... last week.

- a) from
- b) since
- c) in

### **ТЕКСТ**

*Установите соответствие тем А – Н текстам 1 – 7. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.*

- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| <b>A. A taste of everything</b>      | <b>E. Activities for the adventurous and hardy</b> |
| <b>B. Shop till you drop</b>         | <b>F. On the crossroads of religions</b>           |
| <b>C. City's tourist attractions</b> | <b>G. For the body, mind and soul</b>              |
| <b>D. Ancient traditions live on</b> | <b>H. From the high peaks to the deep seas</b>     |

**1.** Today Jakarta has much to offer, ranging from museums, art and antique markets, first class shopping to accommodations and a wide variety of cultural activities. Jakarta's most famous landmark, the National Monument or Monas is a 137m obelisk topped with a flame sculpture coated with 35 kg of gold. Among other places one can mention the National museum that holds an extensive collection of ethnographic artifacts and relics, the Maritime Museum that exhibits Indonesia's seafaring traditions, including models of sea going vessels.

**2.** Sumatra is a paradise for nature lovers, its national parks are the largest in the world, home to a variety of monkeys, tigers and elephants. Facing the open sea, the western coastline of Sumatra and the waters surrounding Nias Island have big waves that make them one of the best surfer's beaches in Indonesia. There are beautiful coral reefs that are ideal for diving. For those whoscavengers of the dark waters.

**3.** Various establishments offer professional pampering service with floral baths, body scrubs, aromatic oils, massages and meditation; rituals and treatments that use spices and aromatic herbs to



promote physical and mental wellness. Various spa hotels are extremely popular. Indonesians believe that when treating the body you cure the mind.

**4. Jakarta** has a distinctly cosmopolitan flavor. Tantalize your taste buds with a gastronomic spree around the city's many eateries. Like French gourmet dining, exotic Asian cuisine, American fast food, stylish cafes, restaurants all compete to find a way into your heart through your stomach. The taste of Indonesia's many cultures can be found in almost any corner of the city: hot and spicy food from West Sumatra, sweet tastes of Dental Java, the tangy fish dishes of North Sulawesi.

**5.** In the face of constant exposure to modernization and foreign influences, the native people still faithfully cling to their culture and rituals. The pre-Hindu Bali Aga tribe still maintains their own traditions of architecture, pagan religion, dance and music, such as unique rituals of dances and gladiator-like battles between youths. On the island of Siberut native tribes have retained their Neolithic hunter-gathering culture.

**6.** Whether you are a serious spender or half hearted shopper, there is sure to be something for everybody in Jakarta. Catering to diverse tastes and pockets, the wide variety of things you can buy in Jakarta is mind boggling from the best of local handicrafts to haute couture labels. Modern super and hyper markets, multi-level shopping centers, retail and specialty shops, sell quality goods at a competitive price. Sidewalk bargains range from tropical blooms of vivid colors and scents in attractive bouquets to luscious fruits of the seasons.

**7.** The land's long and rich history can't be separated from the influence of Hinduism, Buddhism, Islam and Christianity. There is one of the oldest Hindu temples in Java, the majestic Buddhist 'monastery on the hill', Borobudur, the largest Buddhist monument in the world. About 17 km away from this monastery is a 9<sup>th</sup> century temple complex built by the Sanjaya dynasty. Prambanan complex is dedicated to the Hindu trinity: Ciwa, Vishnu and Brahma. The spread of Islam also left interesting monuments such as the 15<sup>th</sup> century Minaret Mosque in Kudus.

## Итоговая работа №2.

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

The nearest big city was ..... Riga.

a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите правильный вариант ответа :

People get loans from ..... banks for all sorts of reasons.

a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

They ..... to begin this work at once.

a) am                      b) is                      c) are

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

The customers ..... to wait here in this room until the sales manager return.

a) am                      b) is                      c) are

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

\_\_\_\_\_ there a meeting at the enterprise yesterday?

a) is      b) are      c) was      d) will be

Выберите нужную форму глагола to do:

The company ought ..... something about the poor service.

- a) to do                      b) do

Выберите правильный ответ:

\_\_\_\_\_ they earn enough?

- a) do      b) does      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to have:

He ..... to get up early.

- a) has                      b) have

Выберите правильный вариант ответа, заменяя выделенные слова личными местоимениями:

In the traditional economy men are hunters & farmers.

- a) I      b) they      c) he

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

When you have collected the evidence, you are ready to test ..... theory.

- a) -----                      b) your                      c) its

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

How much ..... jeans?

- a) is this                      b) are these

Выберите нужную форму существительного:

The ..... financial plans are embodied in its annual budget.

- a) government      b) government's

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

China and India are now making ..... Contributions to global growth.

- a) the largest                      b) larger

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

There ..... nobody in the office.

- a) are                      b) is

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

After lunch the secretary ..... letters to different companies.

- a) write      b) is writing      c) writes

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

It's not an expensive hotel. It ..... much to stay there.

- a) doesn't cost      b) don't cost      c) isn't costing

Выберите нужную форму глагола в простом прошедшем или в настоящем совершенном времени:

I ..... writing the three-year business plan yet.

- a) didn't finish                      b) haven't finished

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

Nowadays all the clients of the bank ..... for a financial advisory

service.

- a) are provided                      b) were provided                      c) provided

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

All the prices in this shop ..... down by 10 %.

- a) have been marked                      b) has been marked                      c) marked

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав соответствующий модальный глагол:

You \_\_\_\_ phoned me yesterday.

- a) should have                      b) may                      c) might

Выберите нужную форму глагола:

Brighton is a large city, ..... it?

- a) isn't                      b) is                      c) aren't

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом, настоящем совершенном или в прошедшем совершенном времени.

Last year inflation was tremendous, and the prices ... .

- a) raised                      b) arise                      c) rise                      d) rose

Выберите нужную форму глагола в одном из вышеперечисленных времен:

Our fax number ... today.

- a) has changed                      b) changed                      c) changes

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму глагола:

This will save our ..... time.

- a) wasting                      b) waste                      c) to waste

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму инфинитива:

The sales director claimed ..... three new customers.

- a) to recruit                      b) to have found                      c) to find

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав причастие настоящего или прошедшего времени:

Accrued income is a total sum of money \_\_\_\_\_ by the company during a particular period.

- a) earning                      b) earned

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

I am beginning to get ..... worried about the situation.

- a) a little                      b) few                      c) many

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

No matter how ..... money you have you can open a bank account.

- a) few                      b) many                      c) much

Выберите правильный ответ:

five sixths

- a) 1/4 (одна четвертая)  
b) 5/6 (пять шестых)  
c) 1/2 (одна вторая)

Выберите правильный ответ:

- a) 42,35 (сорок две целых тридцать пять сотых)  
 7. four two (forty two) point three five  
 b) 42,05 (сорок две целых пять сотых)  
 c) 45,2 (сорок пять целых две десятых)

Выберите правильный вариант:

fifty-three + six

- a) forty  
 b) forty-seven  
 c) fifty-eight  
 d) twelve

Выберите правильный ответ:

LUKoil will start operating four new gas stations .... a few weeks.

- a) at                      b) in                      c) during

### ТЕКСТ

*Установите соответствие между темами А – G и текстами 1 – 6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.*

- |   |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| <b>A. An office at home</b>                     | <b>E. Saving energy</b>         |
| <b>B. Computers for making films</b>            | <b>F. Saving space</b>          |
| <b>C. "No" to computer games</b>                | <b>G. Driving in the future</b> |
| <b>D. Computers for building up team spirit</b> |                                 |

**1.** Safe, comfortable and, above all, green. Electric-powered cars will not produce any substances which are dangerous for either people or the environment. In 10-20 years all cars will have their own built-in computers. These computers will help choose the best way to go and avoid accidents. You can even sit back and let the computer do the driving!

**2.** As you know personal computers use a lot of power. In fact, with their printers and monitors, computers in the USA use each year as much electricity as the whole state of Oregon. Not to waste electricity, new "green" computers are being developed by more than a hundred personal computer firms in the USA. When left on but unused for more than a few minutes, they go down to a standby, using 80 per cent less energy. At a command the PCs return to full power.

**3.** Nowadays, people working in offices use computers, which contain hundreds of documents. Do you know how much space these documents would take up, if they were printed on paper? They'd occupy whole rooms! In many offices computers are linked in a network. This way, employees can exchange information and messages without moving from their tables.

**4.** Technology has allowed more and more people to work from the place where they live. Using a modem on a telephone line connected to their computer, everyone can be linked to the company computer. In this way, they don't waste so much time, because they don't have to go to the office every day. It also means less pollution in the atmosphere caused by transport.

**5.** Good-bye, pencils! Farewell, sheets of paper! These days cartoons are being made with a computer. The first-ever cartoon to be created by computer was "Toy Story" produced by Steve Jobs. A typical Walt Disney cartoon usually needs up to 600 designers. "Toy Story" was made using only

100. So, like so much of modern life, today's cinema seems to be falling more and more into the hands of the computer.

6. If someone asked you about the negative aspects of a computer game, probably the first thing that would come to your mind is that it isolates a person from other people. Now the first virtual reality computer game has appeared which can be played in a group of 6 people at the same time. The game is called "The Loch Ness Expedition." Each player is given a role in the underwater expedition. Players have to cooperate to achieve the goal.

1	2	3	4	5	6

### Итоговая работа №3.

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

In ..... Russia the 1-st McDonald's restaurant appeared in 1990.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите правильный вариант ответа :

He owns a lot of real estate in ..... Florida.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

This letter ..... to confirm our recent telephone communication.

- a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

..... we to offer you the job, would you accept it ?

- a) Were                                      b) Was                                      c) Have been

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

\_\_\_\_\_ there a telephone in your office?

- a) is      b) are      c) was      d) will be

Выберите нужную форму глагола to do:

She ..... economics at Sheffield some years ago.

- a) did                                      b) have done

Выберите правильный ответ:

What time \_\_\_\_\_ the secretary finish work?

- a) do      b) does      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to have:

I ..... a holiday last year.

- a) haven't                                      b) didn't have

Выберите правильный вариант ответа, заменяя выделенные слова личными местоимениями:

Microeconomics looks at how the details of the economy work.

- a) it      b) you      c) they

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

Each good has ..... own utility value for the consumer.

- a) their                      b) its                      c) my

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

Have ..... arrived yet?

- a) businessmen                      b) a businessman

Выберите нужную форму существительного:

He had a ..... holiday last summer.

- a) month's                      b) month

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

From 2004 to the present world growth has been ..... than at any time since the early 1970s.

- a) more rapid                      b) rapider

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

There ..... a lot of people in the shops.

- a) were                      b) was

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

I ..... my chief tomorrow.

- a) meet                      b) am meeting                      c) meets

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

She's got a new job so she .....the firm in October.

- a) is leaving                      b) leaves                      c) leave

Выберите нужную форму глагола в простом прошедшем или в настоящем совершенном времени:

I ..... a successful business trip last month.

- a) had                      b) have had

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

The shares ..... on the American Stock Exchange next week.

- a) will be floated                      b) were floated                      c) is being floated

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

The price of petrol ..... by market forces.

- a) are influenced                      b) is influenced                      c) influenced

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав соответствующий модальный глагол:

Our sales \_\_\_\_ exceed our forecast by 15%.

- a) should                      b) may                      c) must

Выберите нужную форму глагола:

A credit has been wrongly entered in the books, ..... it?

- a) hadn't                      b) hasn't                      c) haven't

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом, настоящем совершенном или в прошедшем совершенном времени.

Last week our manager ..... to get a new job.

- a) leave                      b) left                      c) leaves                      d) has left

Выберите нужную форму глагола в одном из вышеперечисленных времен:

We ... just ..... our prices.

- a) has lowered                      b) have lowered                      c) were lowering

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму глагола:

They have suggested his ..... to the symposium.

- a) go    b) to go    c) going

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму инфинитива:

They made us ..... extremely hard.

- a) to work    b) work    c) to have worked

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав причастие настоящего или прошедшего времени:

The goods were \_\_\_\_\_ in the shop window.

- a) displaying    b) displayed

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

We need ..... more time to think about your proposal.

- a) a little    b) many    c) a few

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

There are too .....students in our group.

- a) a few    b) much    c) many

Выберите правильный ответ:

two thirds

- a) 2/3 (две третьих)  
b) 1/6 (одна шестая)  
c) 1/3 (одна третья)

Выберите правильный ответ:

nought point nought one

- a) 0,1 (ноль целых одна десятая)  
b) 0,01 (ноль целых одна сотая)  
c) 0,001 (ноль целых одна тысячная)

Выберите правильный вариант:

eighteen - seven

- a) twenty  
b) thirty-six  
c) eleven  
d) ninety-five

Выберите правильный ответ:

..... that time the country's population will be approximately 1,25 bl.

- a) at    b) for    c) on

**ТЕКСТ**

*Установите соответствие между темами А – G и текстами 1 – 6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву **только один раз**. В задании одна тема лишняя.*

- A. Colours for royal families**  
**B. Origin of the toy's name**  
**C. Popular names**  
**D. Personal names**

- E. Colours around you**  
**F. Toys for all ages**  
**G. Lovely animals**

**1.** People say that red, yellow and orange are “warm”, and that blue and green are “cool”. But if you touch a red wool sweater, it doesn’t feel warmer than a blue wool sweater. Scientists have taken the temperature of colours with a special instrument called a thermopile and have found that reds and oranges are warmer than blues and greens.

**2.** Pandas are wonderful. They look so nice, rather like soft furry toys. No wonder people love them. At any zoo they are always the centre of attention. The most striking thing about pandas is their black and white colouring. Pandas are strict vegetarians. They eat only young bamboo stems and nothing else. Pandas are peaceful, friendly and harmless. They have no enemies.

**3.** Imagine being arrested and thrown into prison for wearing a certain colour! It could have happened back in the days when kings and emperors ruled. In ancient Rome only the emperor and his wife could have purple or gold clothes. In China, only the emperor could wear yellow. And in France, in the past, only a princess could wear a scarlet dress.

**4.** Today we can hardly imagine a world without this eager listener and loyal friend, the teddy bear. But why is it called Teddy? The story goes back to 1902, when Theodore Roosevelt was President of the United States. The press and the people fondly called him Teddy. Once on a hunting trip, he couldn’t bring himself to shoot a defenseless bear cub. The owners of a candy store in New York made a little toy bear cub and put it in their shop window with a handwritten notice saying “Teddy’s bear”. The bear became a hit with the public.

**5.** Pet names, like human ones, go in and out of fashion. According to Bairbre O’Malley, a London vet, they reflect larger trends in society. The computer boom, for example, has produced dogs called Mac, Apple and, for smaller breeds, Microchip, or Laptop. Hollywood’s influence has inspired names like Conan and Terminator for bull terriers and other strong breeds. Mr O’Malley also remarked that many animals he treated after road accidents were called Lucky.

**6.** One of the most popular tourist attractions today is Legoland Windsor, the newest theme park in Europe. It is a theme park and the theme is bricks. Lego bricks, to be specific. You know those little plastic toy bricks children use to build castles, bridges, all sorts of things. Some grown-ups play with Lego bricks, too. One hundred of them worked for two and a half years to design buildings, trains, cars, boats, fountains and people for Legoland Windsor.

1	2	3	4	5	6



Итоговая работа №4.

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

Before the late 19th century the white conquest of ..... West was completed.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите правильный вариант ответа :

I need ..... wage rise of \$1500 to keep up with inflation.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

This hotel ..... very expensive.

- a) am      b) is      c) are

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

If we ..... to succeed in this enterprise, we shall need to plan everything very carefully.

- a) am      b) is      c) are

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

There \_\_\_\_\_ few letters in the mail for you today.

- a) is      b) are      c) was      d) will be

Выберите нужную форму глагола to do:

She ..... well out of the deal today.

- a) have done      b) has done

Выберите правильный ответ:

Who \_\_\_\_\_ borrows and lends money?

- a) do      b) does      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to have:

The decision ..... to be made by senior management.

- a) has      b) have

Выберите правильный вариант ответа, заменяя выделенные слова личными местоимениями:

Some shops won't accept credit cards.

- a) they      b) it      c) we

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

The price of goods is not always the same as ..... real cost.

- a) their      b) its      c) my

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

Many students get ..... at colleges and universities.

- a) knowledge      b) knowledges

Выберите нужную форму существительного:

The ..... cargo consisted of wheat and barley.

- a) Neva's      b) Neva

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

Unfortunately, ..... volatility does not rule out occasional recessions.

- a) more low                      b) lower

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

The manager of the company is leaving, so there ..... a new manager soon.

- a) will be                      b) is

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

My boss ..... with your enquiry now but you won't get a rapid answer.

- a) is dealing    b) deals                      c) deal

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

Our company ..... in high quality coffee.

- a) is specializing    b) specializes    c) specialize

Выберите нужную форму глагола в простом прошедшем или в настоящем совершенном времени:

I ..... some gas shares recently.

- a) bought                      b) have bought

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

Soon the financial results ..... at the annual general meeting.

- a) will be announced    b) will announce    c) announce

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

The product ..... throughout Europe.

- a) is being marketed    b) are being marketed    c) marketed

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав соответствующий модальный глагол:

They \_\_\_\_ deliver on time.

- a) can                      b) had                      c) have

Выберите нужную форму глагола:

Prices fell as a result of excess supply, ..... they?

- a) did                      b) didn't                      c) don't

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом, настоящем совершенном или в прошедшем совершенном времени.

Ann ..... to the bank, but a few minutes ago she returned.

- a) goes                      b) has gone                      c) went                      d) has gone

Выберите нужную форму глагола в одном из вышеперечисленных времен:

The government ... a decrease in corporation tax yesterday.

- a) has announced    b) was announcing    c) announced

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму глагола:

He's looking forward to our ... ..

- a) to come                      b) coming                      c) come

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму инфинитива:

Central banks of different countries are expected ..... away from monetary restrictions.

- a) to stay                      b) stay                      c) to have stayed

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав причастие настоящего или прошедшего времени:

All ..... machines are cut-price for one week only.

- a) washing                      b) washed

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

..... insurance companies protect their customers against risk.

- a) A little                      b) Many                      c) Much

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

Do you have ..... homework to do ?

- a) few                              b) many                      c) much

Выберите правильный ответ:

five and one sixth

- a)  $5 \frac{1}{2}$  (пять целых одна вторая)  
b)  $5 \frac{1}{6}$  (пять целых одна шестая)  
c)  $6 \frac{1}{5}$  (шесть целых одна пятая)

Выберите правильный ответ:

one six point one nought four

- a) 16,04 (шестнадцать целых четыре сотых)  
b) 18,1 (восемнадцать целых одна десятая)  
c) 16,104 (шестнадцать целых сто четыре тысячных)

Выберите правильный вариант:

ninety-four - forty-two

- a) eighty-five  
b) fifty-two  
c) seventeen  
d) thirty-one

Выберите правильный ответ:

..... the 1970s and '80s the city's service sector grew in size.

- a) on                              b) at                              c) during

## ТЕКСТ

*Установите соответствие тем А-Н текстам 1-7. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.*

- A.** PARTY DESSERT  
**B.** OUTDOOR GAME  
**C.** TAKING CARE OF A PET  
**D.** COLLECTING THINGS

- E.** GIVING A PARTY  
**F.** PARTY ANIMALS  
**G.** FUN ON THE WAY  
**H.** PARTY GAME

1. Ask your parents for permission to have a party. Decide what kind of party you want and whether it will be held indoors or outdoors. Send written invitations to your friends. Tell them what kind of party you are having, at what time, where, and whether or not the guests should wear costumes. Make a list of games you would like to play. Ask your mother to help you prepare refreshments. Ice cream, cake, cookies, and lemonade are good for any party.
2. This activity makes everybody laugh. Have the guests sit around the room. Choose one person to be a pussycat. The pussy must go over to a guest and do his/her best to make the guest laugh. He/she can make funny meows and walk around like a cat. The pussy goes from one guest to another until someone laughs. The first one to laugh becomes the new pussy.
3. It's easy to make a cake from a cake mix that you get from the grocery store. You usually add only water or milk. Cake mixes come in many flavours, such as chocolate, lemon, banana, vanilla and others. When you make a cake from a mix, always follow the directions on the package carefully. Then you can be sure that your cake will turn out right and your guests will enjoy it. Many mixes have a small envelope of powdered frosting hidden inside the flour.
4. As you ride on a bus with your friends, get someone to start singing. Everyone joins in. At the first crossroad, another person starts a different song, and everyone joins in. Keep changing songs at every crossroad.
5. Looking after cats is easy. They wash themselves every day and eat almost any food. Cats like to drink milk and cream. But they need to be fed fish, beef, liver, and other kinds of meat. They need a clean, dry bed at night. You can use a basket or a cardboard box for your cat's bed. Cats like to play with a rubber ball or chase a string.
6. You can have a whole army of toy soldiers made of tin, wood or plastic. Some may be dressed in fancy uniforms, some may be sitting on horses. Others may be ready for battle, carrying guns and shoulder packs. You can have soldiers from other countries, or only Civil War soldiers or only modern soldiers. If you get two soldiers that are alike, trade your extra soldier with another toy soldier lover.
7. Even animals get involved in elections. The donkey and elephant have been political symbols in the USA for more than 100 years. Why? In 1828, Democrat Andrew Jackson ran for president. Critics said he was stubborn as a donkey. The donkey has been the symbol of the Democratic Party ever since. In the 1870s, newspaper cartoonists began using the elephant to stand for the Republican Party.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

#### Итоговая работа №5.

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

..... United States has rich and productive land.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите правильный вариант ответа :

She works in ..... sales.

- a) a (an)      b) the      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

There ..... a lot of Institutes, Universities, libraries and museums in Moscow.

- a) am                                      b) is                                      c) are

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

The manager ..... in his office since 9 o'clock.

- a) have been                              b) has been                              c) was

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

\_\_\_\_\_ there a store close to our Bank?

- a) is      b) are      c) was      d) will be

Выберите нужную форму глагола to do:

What ..... you do for a living ?

- a) does                                      b) do

Выберите правильный ответ:

\_\_\_\_\_ you often read such advertisements?

- a) do      b) does      c) –

Выберите нужную форму глагола to have:

This system software ..... to be very reliable.

- a) has proved                              b) have prove

Выберите правильный вариант ответа, заменяя выделенные слова личными местоимениями:

Inflation can happen for a number of reasons.

- a) they      b) it      c) you

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

.Consumers want satisfaction from ..... resources ( time and money).

- a) her                                      b) its                                      c) their

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

Cash ..... money in the form of banknotes and coins.

- a) are                                      b) is

Выберите нужную форму существительного:

My elder brother ..... son is a top manager.

- a) Peter                                      b) Peter's

Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

Output stabilization in developing countries was ..... .

- a) more gradual                      b) gradualer

Выберите нужную форму глагола to be:

There ..... 5, 000 employees in our company.

- a) are                                      b) is

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

The office ..... at 6 p.m. on weekdays.

- a) is closing    b) closes    c) close

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом или в настоящем продолженном времени:

‘Can I speak to John?’ – ‘Sorry, he’s out. No, hold on, he ..... down the corridor’.

- a) come    b) comes    c) is coming

Выберите нужную форму глагола в простом прошедшем или в настоящем совершенном времени:

Many years ago she ..... a slide rule to add up the sales figures.

- a) used    b) has used

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

The shipment may .....

- a) be delayed    b) was delayed    c) were delayed

Выберите нужную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

The market – place .... always ..... on Saturdays.

- a) is ... crowded    b) were ... crowded    c) are ... crowded

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав соответствующий модальный глагол:

\_\_\_\_\_ I take a comment at this point?

- a) Am    b) May    c) Must

Выберите нужную форму глагола:

He has to work hard to provide his family, ..... he?

- a) do    b) don't    c) doesn't

Выберите нужную форму глагола в настоящем простом, настоящем совершенном или в прошедшем совершенном времени.

Last year the company ..... a good profit.

- a) makes    b) made    c) have made    d) did

Выберите нужную форму глагола в одном из вышеперечисленных времен:

He ... vice-president for 10 years.

- a) has been    b) was being    c) have been

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму глагола:

We have succeeded in ..... a new competitive market.

- a) entering    b) to enter    c) enter

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав нужную форму инфинитива:

The world economy is predicted ..... growing.

- a) to have continued    b) to continue    c) continue

Заполните пропуски в предложениях, выбрав причастие настоящего или прошедшего времени:

\_\_\_\_\_ conditions improved last year.

- a) Trading    b) Traded

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

It takes one ..... money to join a credit union.

- a) a few                      b) many                      c) much

Вставьте одно из следующих слов в пропуски:

I need ..... help. Could you help me with the translation ?

- a) a little                      b) many                      c) little

Выберите правильный ответ:

three fourths

- a) 1/8 (одна восьмая)  
b) 3/4 (три четвертых)  
c) 1/6 (одна шестая)

Выберите правильный ответ:

three point two five

- a) 3,25 (три целых двадцать пять сотых)  
b) 2,35 (три целых тридцать пять сотых)  
c) 5,3 (пять целых три десятых)

Выберите правильный вариант:

. sixty-eight - nineteen

- a) forty-eight  
b) twenty-five  
c) fourteen  
d) ninety-eight

Выберите правильный ответ:

..... the mid-1980s several computer companies established major research programs.

- a) for                      b) buy                      c) at

### ТЕКСТ

*Установите соответствие тем А – Н текстам 1 – 7. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву **только один раз**. В задании одна тема лишняя.*

- A. Musical performance**  
**B. Attractive landscape**  
**C. Perfect holidays**  
**D. Portrait of a girl**

- E. Film for all ages**  
**F. Exciting hobby**  
**G. Colourful festival**  
**H. Interesting book**

**1.** This is a full-length (ninety minutes) cartoon, which is entertaining for both adults and children over six. The animation and colour are of very high quality and the story has lots of fun and excitement. The plot is quick moving and full of surprises. There's romance, action, comedy, music and lots of fantastic songs and dances.

2. This is a full-blooded magnificently written portrait of history's most fascinating woman. Readers will lose themselves for hours in this richly entertaining novel full of dramatic twists and turns. From the spectacular era that bears her name comes the spellbinding story of Elizabeth I – her tragic childhood, her confrontation with Mary, Queen of Scots and her brilliant reign.

3. The young woman is shown in a “shepherdess” hat and white dress, recalling a classical chiton. The background landscape, common in such paintings, seems to indicate the heroine's closeness to nature, to the ordinary joys of life. The painter's colour range – at times as translucent as porcelain, at others muted like mother-of-pearl – is based upon subtle plays of gray and green, light blue and pink.

4. In this picture one is struck by artist's absolute mastery in portraying natural details, whether the dry, sandy soil of the forest, the clear stream of water in the foreground, the yellow bark and fluffy needles of the pines, or the sense of a bright, clear, calm summer day. The artist managed to create an image familiar to anyone who has seen a Russian forest.

5. Have a good time on the most lively and exciting island in the Caribbean. Relax under a palm tree on the white sandy beaches. Swim in the clear, blue sea. Listen to the bands playing Calypso music. Or get really adventurous and go scuba diving for sunken treasure on the sea bed. Join in the many cultural celebrations we offer, for example the sugar harvest festival.

6. This event is considered the greatest attraction for visitors to the Isle of Man. No definite date can be given, but it is normally held between 5<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> July. The Pageant begins at about 8 p.m. First we are given a glimpse of village life in Celtic times. Then suddenly Viking long ships appear and then there are scenes of war. Then Celts and Vikings unite, and the Manx nation is born. The actual Pageant is followed by a grand torchlight procession and firework display.

7. Do you like Latin American dancing? Do you want to dance like you see in the films and on the stage? Do you want to feel the rhythm of the music in your body and in your soul? Do you want to meet other people who have a love for the same music as you? If you have answered “Yes” to any of these questions, join our Latin dance classes on Thursday night between seven and ten. All are welcome.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Итоговая работа №6.  
Выберите правильный вариант.

- How long \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_?

— Since I was 17.

- a) have been driving                      c) did drive  
b) have driven                                d) do drive

She \_\_\_\_\_ always \_\_\_\_\_ in Moscow.

- a) —, lives                                      c) has been living  
b) has lived                                      d) has live

How long \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ Kate?

- a) did know                                      c) have known  
b) have been knowing                      d) do known



**here all my life.**

- a) have lived                      c) am living
- b) have living                    d) live

**Kate has lost her passport again, it is the second time this**

- a) happens                      c) happened
- b) has happened                d) is happening

**Kate has been working here\_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) since two years              c) for two years
- b) two years ago                d) two years

**The boy sitting next to me on the plane was nervous be-cause he \_\_\_\_\_ before.**

- a) has not flown                c) had not flown
- b) did not fly                    d) has not been flying

**\_\_\_\_\_ a lot but I don't any more.**

- a) was used to eat              c) was eating
- b) used to eat                    d) used to eating

**\_\_\_\_\_ next week, so we can go somewhere.**

- a) I'm not working              c) I don't work
- b) I won't work                  d) I shall not work

**We are late. The film\_\_\_\_\_by the time we get to the cinema.**

- a) will be already started      c) will already have started
- b) will already start            d) already will start

**Don't worry\_\_\_\_\_late tonight.**

- a) if I'll be                      c) when I'll be
- b) if I am                        d) if I be

**At first I thought I \_\_\_\_\_ the right thing, but I soon re-alized that I \_\_\_\_\_ a serious mistake.**

- a) did, made                      c) have done, have made
- b) had done, had made        d) did, had made

**hope Kate is coming soon. I \_\_\_\_\_ for two hours.**

- a) am waiting                    c) had been waiting
- b) have been waiting            d) waited

**At last Kate came. I \_\_\_\_\_ for two hours.**

- a) am waiting                    c) had been waiting
- b) have been waiting            d) was waiting

**She is going on holiday. This time next week she \_\_\_\_\_ on a beach or \_\_\_\_\_ in the sea.**

- a) is going to lay, swim
- b) will be lying, swimming
- c) will lie, swim
- d) is lying, swimming

— \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ the post office when you're out?

- **Probably. Why?**

- **I need to mail the letter. Could you do it for me?**

- |                      |                    |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| a) are passing       | c) will be passing |
| b) are going to pass | d) will pass       |

We \_\_\_\_\_ for a walk when it \_\_\_\_\_ raining.

- |                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| a) will go, will stop | c) are going, will stop |
| b) will go, stops     | d) go, stops            |

**When you \_\_\_\_\_ in Moscow again, you must come and see us.**

- |            |              |
|------------|--------------|
| a) will go | c) are       |
| b) will be | d) are going |

**I'm going to read a lot of books while I \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday.**

- |            |                   |
|------------|-------------------|
| a) am      | c) would be       |
| b) will be | d) am going to be |

\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ your car this evening?

— **No. Do you want to borrow it?**

- |                  |             |
|------------------|-------------|
| a) will be using | c) are used |
| b) will use      | d) do use   |

Выберите правильный вариант.

**Water \_\_\_\_\_ at 100 degrees.**

- |               |                           |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| a) boils      | c) will boil              |
| b) is boiling | d) will have been boiling |

**The weather • hotter and hotter.**

- |                     |               |
|---------------------|---------------|
| a) gets             | c) is getting |
| b) has been getting | d) get        |

**The first modern Olympics \_\_\_\_\_ in Athens more than a hundred years ago.**

- |                      |               |
|----------------------|---------------|
| a) were taking place | c) have taken |
| b) took              | d) had taken  |

**We \_\_\_\_\_ 20 new buildings this year.**

- |                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| a) built         | c) had built  |
| b) were building | d) have built |

\_\_\_\_\_ always \_\_\_\_\_ if the service is bad in restaurants.

- |                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| a) -, complain    | c) will be complaining |
| b) am complaining | d) will complain       |

**I \_\_\_\_\_ to the news on television at nine o'clock last night.**

- |                  |                        |
|------------------|------------------------|
| a) was listening | c) have been listening |
| b) listened      | d) had been listening  |

**After they \_\_\_\_\_ they cleared the table.**

- a) ate
- b) had eaten
- c) have eaten
- d) were eating

**\_\_\_\_\_ for a whole hour!**

- a) am waiting
- b) was waiting
- c) have been waiting
- d) had been waiting

**I \_\_\_\_\_ John's mobile phone because I left mine at home.**

- a) use
- b) was using
- c) used
- d) have been using

**This juice \_\_\_\_\_ good.**

- a) is tasting
- b) tastes
- c) has been tasting
- d) is being tasted

**Long ago they \_\_\_\_\_ most houses out of wood.**

- a) built
- b) have built
- c) were building
- d) had built

**We still \_\_\_\_\_ life on other planets.**

- a) didn't discover
- b) hadn't discovered
- c) won't discover
- d) haven't discovered

**\_\_\_\_\_ when my friend \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) slept, called
- b) was sleeping, was calling
- c) was sleeping, called
- d) slept, was calling

**Those potatoes \_\_\_\_\_ for an hour.**

- a) have been boiling
- b) were boiling
- c) are boiling
- d) had been boiling

**You \_\_\_\_\_ always \_\_\_\_\_ money!**

- a) —, borrow
- b) has been borrowing
- c) will borrow
- d) are borrowing

**They \_\_\_\_\_ for four hours before they \_\_\_\_\_ the top of the mountain.**

- a) climbed, reached
- b) had been climbing, reached
- c) was climbing, reached
- d) climbed, has been reaching

**think it \_\_\_\_\_ a difficult game.**

- a) is going to be
- b) will be
- c) have been
- d) had been

**\_\_\_\_\_ to you ever again.**

- a) don't speak                      c) hasn't spoken  
b) am not going to speak      d) will have been spoken

\_\_\_\_\_ him tomorrow, he is expecting my call.

- a) phone                                  c) am going to phone  
b) am phoning                      d) will have phoned

The boat \_\_\_\_\_ the island on Friday.

- a) is leaving                              c) is going to leave  
b) leave                                      d) leaves

*Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски 1 – 6 частями предложений А – Г. Одна из частей в списке А – Г лишняя. Перенесите ответы в таблицу.*

Before the Hubble Space Telescope was launched, scientists thought they knew the universe. They were wrong.

The Hubble Space Telescope has changed many scientists' view of the universe. The telescope is named after American astronomer Edwin Hubble, 1 \_\_\_\_\_.

He established that many galaxies exist and developed the first system for their classifications.

In many ways, Hubble is like any other telescope. It simply gathers light. It is roughly the size of a large school bus. What makes Hubble special is not what it is, 2 \_\_\_\_\_.

Hubble was launched in 1990 from the "Discovery" space shuttle and it is about 350 miles above our planet, 3 \_\_\_\_\_.

It is far from the glare of city lights, it doesn't have to look through the air, 4 \_\_\_\_\_.

And what a view it is! Hubble is so powerful it could spot a fly on the moon.

Yet in an average orbit, it uses the same amount of energy as 28 100-watt light bulbs. Hubble pictures require no film. The telescope takes digital images 5 \_\_\_\_\_.

Hubble has snapped photos of storms on Saturn and exploding stars. Hubble doesn't just focus on our solar system. It also peers into our galaxy and beyond. Many Hubble photos show the stars that make up the Milky Way galaxy. A galaxy is a city of stars.

Hubble cannot take pictures of the sun or other very bright objects, because doing so could "fry" the telescope's instruments, but it can detect infrared and ultra violet light 6 \_\_\_\_\_.

Some of the sights of our solar system that Hubble has glimpsed may even change the number of planets in it.

**A.** which is above Earth's atmosphere.

**B.** which are transmitted to scientists on Earth.

- C. which is invisible to the human eye.
- D. who calculated the speed at which galaxies move.
- E. so it has a clear view of space.
- F. because many stars are in clouds of gas.
- G. but where it is.

1	2	3	4	5	6

3.9. Другие ОС, предназначенные для проведения промежуточного контроля (портфолио и др.).

**4. Методические материалы, определяющие процедуры оценивания знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующие этапы формирования компетенций**

- оценка «отлично» выставляется в случаях, когда студент свободно владеет материалом, отвечает на дополнительные вопросы, демонстрирует высокий уровень сформированности необходимых компетенций;
- оценка «хорошо» выставляется в случаях, когда студент владеет материалом на хорошем уровне, но не отвечает на дополнительные вопросы, демонстрирует повышенный уровень сформированности необходимых компетенций;
- оценка «удовлетворительно» выставляется в случаях, когда студент владеет терминологическим аппаратом, основными знаниями, умениями и навыками, но не полностью раскрывает поставленные вопросы, не отвечает на дополнительные вопросы, не способен применять знания к анализу практики, демонстрирует пороговый уровень сформированности необходимых компетенций;
- оценка «неудовлетворительно» выставляется в случаях, когда студент не владеет материалом, не раскрывает содержания поставленных вопросов, демонстрирует уровень сформированности необходимых компетенций ниже порогового.